## SUPPLEMENT 3

TO

## UNIFORM FREIGHT CLASSIFICATION 6000-M

Supplement 3 cancels Supplement 2
Supplements 1 and 3 contain all changes

## RULES AND REGULATIONS

## THIS TARIFF IS APPLICABLE ONLY IN CONNECTION WITH TARIFFS

SPECIFICALLY SUBJECT HERETO

ISSUED JUNE 1, 2005
EFFECTIVE JUNE 1, 2005

ISSUED BY

RAILINC
7001 Weston Parkway, Suite 200
Cary, NC 27513

## SUPPLEMENT 3 TO UNIFORM FREIGHT CLASSIFICATION 6000-M

## PARTICIPATING RAIL CARRIERS [PA]

The following carriers are parties to this Classification under Powers of Attorney, Concurrences or Certificates issued to National Railroad Freight Committee, Agent.

| ABBR | NAME OF RAIL CARRIER |
| :--- | :--- |
| BNSF | BNSF Railway Company $[A-1]$ <br> BNSF <br> Burlington Northern and Santa Fe Railway Company, The [D-1] |

## ITEM 2.20-B

CUMULATIVE INDEX OF NEW AND CHANGED ITEMS
(See Item 75 for Method of Cancellation)

| (See Item 75 for Method of Cancellation) |  |  |  |
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## EXPLANATION OF REFERENCE MARKS

[A-1] -Name changed pursuant to BNSF Adoption Notice 9000, effective January 24, 2005.
[D-1] - Canceled - See [A-1] above.
[PA] - Partial Amendment.

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| 41 <br> (Cancels 41 in original) | CORRUGATED OR SOLID FIBREBOARD BOXES | SECTION 1. - (a) APPLICATION OF RATES. Subject to the provisions of Rule 5, and unless otherwise provided in the separate descriptions of articles, or in Agent C.L. Keller's Tariff No. BOE -6000-series referred to in Rule 39, the rates applying on articles "in boxes" will apply on the same articles in corrugated or solid fibreboard boxes complying with the minimum requirements of this rule. <br> (b) INCREASED CHARGES - NON-CONFORMING BOXES. Unless otherwise provided in the separate descriptions of articles, when articles are tendered for transportation in fibreboard boxes and the requirements and specifications of this rule are not fully complied with, freight charges will be increased $20 \%$ AQ (any quantity) and $10 \%$ CL above the charges applicable on such shipments in boxes that do conform to the provisions of this rule. <br> (c) USE OF OTHER THAN RULE 41 BOXES. Where the separate descriptions of articles provide for the use of fibreboard boxes which are different from those provided for in this rule, such provisions will also apply to those articles in such boxes when commodity tariffs or exceptions to the Classification provide that such articles may be shipped "in boxes" without further qualifications as to the construction of the boxes. <br> FIBREBOARD <br> SECTION 2.-(a) CORRUGATED FIBREBOARD. Fibreboard boxes must be made of singlewall, doublewall or triplewall corrugated fibreboard having proper bending qualities, the facings being firmly glued to the corrugated medium at all points of contact and the outer facing having water resistance. <br> (b) SOLID FIBREBOARD. Fibreboard boxes must be made of 3-ply or more solid fibreboard having proper bending qualities, all plies being firmly glued together and outer ply being water resistant, except when maximum weight of box and contents does not exceed 40 pounds, boxes may be made of two ply solid fibreboard. <br> BOX SPECIFICATIONS <br> SECTION 3. - MAXIMUM SIZE AND WEIGHT - MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS. Boxes must comply with the burst, puncture or edge crush test and other requirements shown below. (See Note 4). |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Maximum Weight of Box and Contents (lbs) | Maximum Outside <br> Dimensions <br> (Length, Width <br> and Depth <br> Added) <br> (inches) <br> (See Note 3) | Minimum <br> Combined <br> Weight of Facings, <br> Including <br> Center Facing(s) <br> of Doublewall <br> and Triplewall <br> Board (lbs per <br> 1,000 sq ft) <br> (See Note 2) <br> Minimum Com- <br> bined Weight of <br> Plies, Solid <br> Fibreboard, Ex- <br> cluding Adhe- <br> sives (lbs per <br> 1,000 sq ft) | Minimum Bursting Test, Singlewall, Doublewall or Solid Fibreboard (psi) (See Note 1, Para. (a)) | Minimum Edge Crush Test (ECT) (lbs per inch width) (See Note 1, Para. (c) and Note 2) |
|  |  | SINGLEWALL CORRUGATED FIBREBOARD BOXES |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 20 35 50 65 80 95 120 | 40 50 60 75 85 95 105 | 52 66 75 84 111 138 180 | 125 150 175 200 250 275 350 | 23 26 29 32 40 44 55 |
|  |  | DOUBLEWALL CORRUGATED FIBREBOARD BOXES |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 80 100 120 140 160 180 | 85 95 105 110 115 120 | 92 110 126 180 222 270 | 200 275 350 400 500 600 | 42 48 51 61 71 82 |
|  |  | TRIPLEWALL CORRUGATED FIBREBOARD BOXES |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 240 260 280 300 | 110 115 120 125 | $\begin{aligned} & 168 \\ & 222 \\ & 264 \\ & 360 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 700 \\ 900 \\ 1100 \\ 1300 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 67 \\ 80 \\ 90 \\ 112 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  | SOLID FIBREBOARD BOXES |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} 20 \\ 40 \\ 65 \\ 90 \\ 120 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 40 \\ 60 \\ 75 \\ 90 \\ 100 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 114 \\ & 149 \\ & 190 \\ & 237 \\ & 283 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 125 \\ & 175 \\ & 200 \\ & 275 \\ & 350 \end{aligned}$ | $\ldots$ $\ldots$ $\ldots$ $\ldots$ $\ldots$ |

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| 41 <br> (Continued) (Cancels 41 in original) | CORRUGATED OR SOLID FIBREBOARD BOXES | SECTION 3 - CONCLUDED: <br> NOTE 1. TEST PROCEDURES: <br> (a) BURST TEST: <br> (1) Tests to determine compliance with the accordance with Technical Association 810. <br> (2) A minimum of six bursts must be made, will be permitted to fall below the speci will be accepted if in a re-test consistin four burst tests fall below the specified <br> (b) PUNCTURE TEST: <br> (1) Tests to determine compliance with the accordance with Technical Association 803. <br> (2) A minimum of four puncture tests must below the specified minimum value. <br> (c) EDGE CRUSH TEST: <br> (1) Tests to determine compliance with the Technical Association of Pulp and Pap <br> (2) A minimum of six tests must be made a minimum value, and that one test cann <br> Board failing to pass the foregoing will be acce tests fall below the specified minimum value, and by more than $10 \%$. <br> NOTE 2. The minimum combined weight of facin board complying with the minimum edge crush basis weights of facings in combination with co fibreboard that will comply with applicable minim <br> NOTE 3. SIZE EXTENSION FORMULA. If weigh shown, the maximum outside dimensions for th weight is less than the maximum weight specifi <br> NOTE 4. ALTERNATE REQUIREMENTS. Wher specify boxes, containers, trays and componen minimum bursting or puncture test as shown in parts thereof may be made of corrugated fibreb Column B below. These alternate provisions will <br> Column A <br> Minimum Bursting Test <br> Singlewall and Doublewall Board (psi) <br> Minimum Puncture Test <br> Triplewall Board (inch oz per inch of tear) <br> Singlewall 125 <br> Singlewall 150 <br> Singlewall 175 <br> Singlewall 200 <br> Singlewall 250 <br> Singlewall 275 <br> Singlewall 350 <br> Doublewall 200 <br> Doublewall 275 <br> Doublewall 350 <br> Doublewall 400 <br> Doublewall 500 <br> Doublewall 600 <br> Triplewall 700 <br> Triplewall 900 <br> Triplewall 1100 <br> Triplewall 1300 | ments must be conducted in Industry (TAPPI), Official Test Method T- <br> de of the board, and only one burst test Board failing to pass the foregoing test meach side of the board, not more than <br> ements must be conducted in Industry (TAPPI), Official Test Method T- <br> ne puncture test will be permitted to fall <br> conducted in accordance with Official Test Method T-811, A or B. permitted to fall below the specified cified minimum value by more than $10 \%$ onsisting of 24 tests, not more than four fall below the specified minimum value <br> able do not apply in connection with on of facings is authorized, providing the is sufficient to produce corrugated quirements. <br> s is less than the maximum weight ased half the percentage that the actual Note 3. <br> descriptions and numbered packages made of corrugated fibreboard having a oxes, containers, trays and component mum edge crush test as shown in ght requirements. |
|  |  |  | Column B Minimum Edge Crush Test (lbs per inch width) |
|  |  |  | 23 26 29 32 40 44 55 42 48 51 61 71 82 67 80 90 112 |

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| 41 <br> (Continued) (Cancels 41 in original) | CORRUGATED OR SOLID FIBREBOARD BOXES | BOX STYLES <br> SECTION 4. - The following are descriptions of general styles of fibreboard boxes: <br> (a) CONVENTIONAL SLOTTED BOXES, INCLUDING END LOADING BOXES: Box is manufactured from one piece of fibreboard which is scored and slotted to form a body having flaps for closing on each of two opposite faces. Lengthwise flaps either meet or overlap and inner flaps may meet depending on the particular style of box. (RSC, CSSC, OSC, CSO, FOL and SFF). Slotted style boxes are also assembled from more than one piece of fibreboard and have only one closing face. <br> (b) TELESCOPE BOXES: <br> (1) Full telescope box consists of body and cover sections of equal depth, cover extending to bottom. (FTHS and FTD) <br> (2) Partial telescope box consists of a body and cover sections of unequal depth. Cover section must extend over sides of bottom section not less than two-thirds the depth of the bottom section. (PTHS and PTD) <br> (c) BOXES WITH COVERS: <br> (1) Single cover box consists of body and cover sections, the cover section extending over sides of body section less than two-thirds the depth of the body. (HSC and DSC) <br> (2) Double cover box consists of a joined tube (body) and top and bottom covers, the covers extending over sides of body. (DC) <br> (3) Interlocking cover box consists of joined tube (body) with top and bottom 3 inch flanges and top and bottom covers having flanges which interlock with flanges of tube. (IC) <br> (d) SLIDE STYLE BOXES: Box consists of snugly fitting telescope tubes, the outer tube being joined. <br> (1) Double slide or single lined slide box consists of two tubes arranged to provide at least one thickness of fibreboard on all six surfaces. (DS) <br> (2) Triple slide or double lined slide box consists of three tubes arranged to provide at least two thicknesses of fibreboard on all six surfaces. (TS) <br> (e) FOLDERS: Box consists of one or more cut and scored pieces which provide an unbroken outer bottom surface. Lengthwise outer flaps must meet or overlap. <br> (1) One piece folder is constructed from a single piece of fibreboard. (1PF) <br> (2) Two piece folder is constructed from two rectangular pieces of fibreboard which provide a double thickness of fibreboard at the bottom. (2PF) <br> (3) Three piece folder is constructed from three rectangular pieces of fibreboard. (3PF) <br> (f) FIVE PANEL FOLDER: Box is formed from a single cut and scored piece of fibreboard so as to provide an unbroken single thickness of fibreboard on three of the six surfaces and usually a double thickness on the remaining three surfaces of the box. (FPF) <br> (g) RECESSED END BOXES: Box is assembled from a scored body sheet and two flanged end pieces forming recessed ends secured to body with staples spaced not more than 2 inches apart. <br> MANUFACTURERS' JOINT <br> (See Note) <br> SECTION 5. - (a) SINGLEWALL OR DOUBLEWALL CORRUGATED FIBREBOARD: Boxes must have manufacturers' joints formed by lapping the sides of the box forming the joint not less than $11 / 4$ inches and fastening the joint by one of the following methods: <br> (1) With metal staples or stitches spaced not more than $21 / 2$ inches apart, except that staples or stitches must be spaced not more than 1 inch apart when weight of box and contents is 140 pounds or more. <br> (2) By firmly gluing the joint throughout the entire area of contact with a water resistant adhesive. <br> (3) By fitting abutting edges forming joint close together and securing with sealing strips firmly glued to the box and extending the entire length of the joint. Sealing strips must be of sufficient strength that rupture of the joint occurs with fibre failure of one or more of the facings. <br> (i) Sealing strips for boxes not exceeding 65 pounds gross weight or for two complete singlewall corrugated boxes must be not less than 2 inches wide and must be of not less than 60 pounds per 3000 square feet basis weight and having a bursting strength of not less than 60 psi. Sealing strips may be reinforced with glass fibres or other natural or synthetic fibres. <br> (ii) Sealing strips for boxes exceeding 65 pounds gross weight, excepting two complete singlewall corrugated fibre boxes, must be of two or more plies, not less than three inches wide, of not less than 150 pounds per 3000 square feet basis weight and have a bursting strength of not less than 150 psi. Lesser basis weight is permissible if the sealing strips are reinforced with glass fibres or other natural or synthetic fibres. All plies must be firmly glued together. <br> (b) TRIPLEWALL CORRUGATED FIBREBOARD: Boxes must have manufacturers' joints secured by one of the following methods: <br> (1) By lapping the sides of the box forming the joint not less than two inches and fastening the joint with metal staples or stitches spaced not more than one inch apart. Both sides of the joint must be crush-rolled in the area of contact before stapling or stitching. <br> (2) By lapping the sides of the box forming the joint not less than three inches and firmly gluing the joint throughout the entire area of contact with glue or adhesive which cannot be dissolved in water after the film application has been dried under pressure. |

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| 41 <br> (Continued) (Cancels 41 in original) | CORRUGATED OR SOLID FIBREBOARD BOXES | SECTION 6 - Concluded: <br> (d) OUTER BOXES <br> (1) A, B or C-flute singlewall corrugated fibreboard boxes. <br> (2) A or C-flute singlewall corrugated fibreboard boxes. <br> (3) Doublewall corrugated fibreboard boxes. <br> (e) INTERIOR SEPARATORS <br> (11) Adequate protection against breakage and damage by or with liners, partitions or other packing material. <br> (12) Partitions, solid paperboard, 0.040 inch thickness, 120 pounds per 1,000 square feet basis weight. <br> (13) Partitions, solid paperboard, 0.047 inch thickness, 142 pounds per 1,000 square feet basis weight. <br> (14) Partitions, E-flute corrugated fibreboard. <br> (15) Partitions, A, B or C-flute singlewall corrugated fibreboard. <br> (16) Partitions, A or C-flute singlewall corrugated fibreboard. <br> (17) Partitions, doublewall corrugated fibreboard. <br> (18) Shells, A, B or C-flute singlewall corrugated fibreboard. <br> (19) Shells, A or C-flute singlewall corrugated fibreboard. <br> (20) Shells, doublewall corrugated fibreboard. <br> (21) Individual inner paperboard boxes. <br> (22) Individual inner singlewall corrugated fibreboard boxes. <br> (23) Individual inner boxes, A or C-flute singlewall corrugated fibreboard. <br> (f) BOTTOM PROTECTION <br> (31) Bottom inner and outer box flaps must meet. <br> (32) Bottom fill-in (plug) pad, same board as box, to fill space between inner bottom flaps. <br> (33) Bottom pad, A, B or C-flute singlewall corrugated fibreboard. <br> (34) Bottom pad, A or C-flute singlewall corrugated fibreboard. <br> (35) Bottom pad, doublewall corrugated fibreboard. <br> (36) Bottom pad, solid paperboard .047 in thick, 142 pounds per 1,000 square feet. <br> (37) Bottom pad, solid paperboard, 2 thicknesses, each . 024 in thick, 100 pounds per 1,000 square feet. <br> (g) BOX LINERS <br> (41) Liner, A or C-flute singlewall corrugated fibreboard. <br> SIFTING OR LEAKAGE <br> SECTION 7. - Except as otherwise provided in Section 6, all articles liable to loss from sifting or leakage must be in inner containers completely filling the box. <br> HAND HOLES, VENTILATION HOLES, OPENING DEVICES AND PERFORATIONS <br> SECTION 8. - Provided box strength is not impaired, boxes: <br> (a) May have hand holes or ventilation holes. <br> (b) May have not more than one slit, nor more than one slot, in each inner flap. <br> (c) In addition, to facilitate opening, boxes may have one of the following: <br> (1) May be perforated once around with one line of perforations, each face panel perforated in a straight line. <br> (2) May have not more than two lines of perforations, provided the total lineal inches of the lines of perforations do not exceed twice the sum of the combination of any two of the inside dimensions of length, width or depth. <br> (3) One face panel or one set of closing flaps may have lines of perforations, provided the total lineal inches of such lines of perforations do not exceed the total united inches of the box. <br> (4) For any of the alternatives of Sub-paragraphs (1) through (3), the corrugated medium must not be crushed or otherwise damaged. <br> (d) Boxes or numbered packages containing rigid self-supporting articles or inner containers may have scorelines perforated providing the united inches (length, width and depth added) do not exceed 40 inches. <br> CLOSING BOXES <br> SECTION 9. - Boxes must be securely closed by a method of adequate strength and quantity so as to maintain boxes properly assembled and closed during transportation. |

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| 41 <br> (Continued) (Cancels 41 in original) | CORRUGATED OR SOLID FIBREBOARD BOXES | CERTIFICATE OF BOX MANUFACTURER <br> SECTION 10.-(a) BOXES. (1) Boxes made to comply with the requirements of this rule must bear a legible certificate of a box manufacturer on an outside surface, guaranteeing that the boxes do so comply. Certificate must be of the form, size ( 3 inch diameter plus or minus $1 / 4$ inch), type and wording as illustrated in either Sub-paragraphs (2) or (3) (see Notes 1, 2 and 3). City and state may be either that of the manufacturing or corporate location. <br> (2) Example of certificates applicable to boxes made to comply with burst or puncture test. <br> For Singlewall Boxes <br> For Triplewall Boxes <br> For Doublewall Boxes <br> For Solid Fibre Boxes |

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| 41 (Continued) (Cancels 41 in original) | CORRUGATED OR SOLID FIBREBOARD BOXES | SECTION 10.-Continued: <br> (a) BOXES. - Continued: <br> (3) Examples of certificates applicable to boxes made to comply with the edge crush test. <br> For Singlewall Boxes <br> For Doublewall Boxes <br> For Triplewall Boxes <br> NOTE 1. REDUCED DIAMETER FOR SMALL BOXES - On boxes having a length of less than 10 inches or a width of less than 9 inches, the above certificates may be reduced in size so that outside diameter is not less than 2 inches. <br> NOTE 2. BOXES OR NUMBERED PACKAGES MADE IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES. - Fibreboard boxes complying with the provisions of this rule, or numbered packages authorized on page 101 and succeeding pages of this Classification, which are made in foreign countries and used for freight imported into the United States of America, need not bear a certificate, or certificate may be printed in the language of the country in which the box or numbered package is made, provided shipper certifies on bills of lading that the boxes comply with Rule 41 or the appropriate numbered package. |

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| 41 <br> (Continued) (Cancels 41 in original) | CORRUGATED OR <br> SOLID <br> FIBREBOARD <br> BOXES | SECTION 10. - Concluded: <br> (a) BOXES. - Concluded: <br> NOTE 3. SIZE EXTENSION FORMULA. - For boxes made to comply with Note 3 of Section 3, the "Size Limit" and "Gross Wt. Limit" may be omitted from the certificate and below the certificate must be printed "Size Extension Formula". <br> (b) NUMBERED PACKAGES. (1) Numbered packages authorized on page 101 and succeeding pages of this Classification which contain provisions specifying boxes, containers, trays and component parts thereof to be made of fibreboard complying with the burst test, puncture test or edge crush test and other requirements of Section 3 of this rule, must bear a legible certificate of box manufacturer on an outside surface, in the form, size (2 inches $\times 31 / 2$ inches, plus or minus $1 / 4$ inch), type and wording as illustrated in either Sub-paragraphs (2) or (3). City and state may be either that of the manufacturing or corporate location. Where numbered packages specify different tests of fibreboard for bodies and caps, test of body need only be shown. (See Notes 2 and 4). <br> (2) Example of certificate applicable to numbered packages containing provisions requiring compliance with burst or nuncturetect <br> PACKAGE CERTIFICATE <br> THIS BOX MEETS ALL CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS OF APPLICABLE FREIGHT CLASSIFICATION <br> FOR PACKAGE NO. BURSTING TEST LBS PER SQ. IN. <br> 000 <br> 000 <br> (BOX MANUFACTURER) <br> (CITY \& STATE) <br> (3) Example of certificate applicable to numbered packages containing provisions requiring compliance with the edge crush test. <br> PACKAGE CERTIFICATE <br> THIS BOX MEETS ALL CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS OF APPLICABLE FREIGHT CLASSIFICATION $\begin{aligned} & \text { FOR PACKAGE NO. EDGE CRUSH LBS/IN } \\ & 000 \\ & \text { (BOX MANUFACTURER) } \\ & \text { (CITY \& STATE) } \end{aligned}$ <br> NOTE 4. When numbered package has a length of less than 10 inches or a width less than 9 inches, certificate may be reduced in size, but outside dimensions must be not less than $21 / 4 \times 11 / 4$ inches. |

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| 41 <br> (Continued) (Cancels 41 in original) | CORRUGATED OR SOLID FIBREBOARD BOXES | DEFINITION OF TERMS <br> SECTION 11. - The following definitions apply with regard to the construction and use of fibreboard boxes, numbered packages and component parts thereof: <br> Bending - In the term "proper bending qualities" - the containerboard must be capable of bending along creases or score lines in forming the box so that the containerboard is not ruptured to a point where it seriously weakens the box. <br> Box - (see also Fibreboard Box) - A rigid container having closed faces and completely enclosing the contents. When this term is used in the Classification it signifies that if fibreboard boxes are used, such fibreboard boxes must comply with all requirements of Rule 41. <br> Box Manufacturer - A corrugated or solid fibre box manufacturing establishment which at least has equipment to score, slot, print and join corrugated or solid fibre sheets into boxes which equipment is regularly utilized in the production of fibre boxes in commercial quantities. <br> Bursting Strength - Strength of a material expressed in pounds per square inch as measured by the Mullen tester (see Section 3, Note 1(a)). <br> Corrugated Board - A structure formed from one or more paperboard facings and one or more corrugated members used in making corrugated fibreboard boxes and products: <br> Singleface - The structure formed by one corrugated member glued to one flat facing. <br> Singlewall - The structure formed by one corrugated inner member glued between two flat facings. <br> Doublewall - The structure formed by three flat facings and two intermediate corrugated members. <br> Triplewall - The structure formed by four flat facings and three intermediate corrugated members. <br> Corrugating Medium - Paperboard used in forming the fluted portion of the corrugated board. <br> Corrugation - (See Flute). <br> Die-Cut - A cut made with steel rule dies. The act of making a part or container which is cut and scored to shape by such tools. Also used to denote a board which has been die cut. <br> Dimensions: <br> Length - The larger of the two dimensions of the open face. <br> Width - The lesser of the two dimensions of the open face. <br> Depth - The distance between the innermost surfaces of the box measured perpendicular to the length and width. <br> Edge Crush Test - (Also known as Edgewise Compression Test or Short Column Crush Test) - The measure of the edgewise compressive strength of a short column of corrugated fibreboard. This property, in combination with the caliper of the combined board and the perimeter of the container relates to the top-to-bottom compressive strength of corrugated fibreboard boxes (see Section 3, Note 1(c)). <br> Facings - (Sometimes erroneously called liners) - A form of linerboard used as the flat members of corrugated fibreboard. <br> Fibre or Fibreboard Box - A container made of either corrugated or solid fibreboard. For Classification purposes, when term "box" is used, the structure must comply with all requirements of Rule 41. <br> Flaps - The closing members of a fibreboard box. <br> Flute or Corrugation - One of the wave shapes formed in the corrugating medium. <br> Glued (firmly) - Firm gluing is indicated when mutilation of the surface fibres accompanies separation of joined areas. <br> Joint - (Manufacturers' Joint) - The "joint" is that part of the box where the ends of the sheet are joined together by taping, stitching or gluing. <br> Liner - A creased fibreboard sheet inserted in a container and covering all side walls. <br> Package - (When referring to a fibreboard container) - A container not necessarily complying with the requirements of Rule 41 for a "box", (See Section 1(c), Rule 5). Also, one of the special authorized containers described in detail in the Classification in the section titled "Authorized Packages or Shipping Containers". <br> Pad - A corrugated or solid fibreboard sheet or other authorized material used for extra protection or for separating tiers or layers of articles when packed for shipment. <br> Partition - A set of corrugated or solid fibreboard pieces slotted so they interlock when assembled to form a number of cells into which articles may be placed for shipment. <br> Ply - Any of the several layers of solid fibreboard. <br> Puncture Test - The strength of material expressed in inch ounces per inch of tear as measured by the Beach puncture tester (See Section 3, Note 1(b)). <br> Seam - The junction created by any free edge of a container flap or wall where it abuts or rests on another portion of the container and to which it may be fastened by tape, stitches or adhesive in the process of closing the container. <br> Shell - A sheet of corrugated or solid fibreboard scored and folded to form a joined or unjoined tube open at both ends. <br> Shipping container - A container which is sufficiently strong to be used in commerce for packing, storing and shipping commodities. <br> Solid Fibreboard - A solid board made by laminating two or more plies of containerboard. <br> Water Resistant - A board, to be water resistant, shall be sized (treated with water repellent materials) so as to have a degree of resistance to damage or deterioration by water. <br> Weight of Facings - (Minimum combined, of corrugated board.) - This is the summation of weight per thousand square feet of all facings in the board structure excluding the weight of coatings and impregnants and excluding the weight of the corrugating medium and the corrugating adhesive. |

